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APPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/626,223	(07/24/2003	Samuel C. Ramey	A4-008 US	A4-008 US 4545	
23683	7590	12/29/2004		EXAMINER		
MOLEX IN 2222 WELL				NGUYEN, PHUONGCHI T		
LISLE, IL		COURT		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				2833		

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Ar -
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/626,223	RAMEY ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Phuongchi Nguyen	2833	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	;
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re eply within the statutory minimum of thirty od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT tute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this commun	ication.
Status			•
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Th	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the mer	its is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdo	rawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•		•
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.		
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>24/07/03</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes] accepted or b)□ objected t	o by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	he drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	•	•	
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 		119(a)-(d) or (f).	
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in Ap	oplication No	
Copies of the certified copies of the present	riority documents have been i	received in this National Stag	е
application from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ist of the certified copies not r	received.	
		4	
Attachment(s)	X Alac	hment 1	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 		n/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's Remarks of September 21, 2004 are acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –
(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-5 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 1O2(b) as being anticipated by Natori et al (17563156218 1).

In regarding to claim 1, Natori et al discloses (attachment 1) a connector comprising a housing (230) having a first (or top) surface and a second (or bottom) surface, the housing (230) having a passageway (233) provided there through which extends from the first (or top) surface to the second (or bottom) surface, the passageway (233) having a recess (R) proximate to the first (or top) surface of the housing (230), and a conductive contact (51) received within the passageway (233), the contact (51) having a deformable portion (57) (abstract, lines 14-15) having a tip (88) provided at an end thereof (figures 5 and 7), the deformable portion (57) being capable in an undeformed position (position I) (attachment 1) and in a deformed position (position II), at least a (an end) portion of the tip (88) being provided within the recess (R) when the contact (51) is in an undeformed position (position I), at least a (an end) portion of the tip (88) being provided within the recess (R) when a lateral force (coming form a mating contact surface 501) is placed on the contact (51) to deform the deformable portion (57), (the height of) the recess (R) being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the tip

(88) (at C) upon deformation of the deformable portion (57) in a lateral of

(88) (at C) upon deformation of the deformable portion (57) in a lateral direction (A). A connector of Natori et al can be used as a land grid array connector.

In regarding to claim 2, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (86) of the deformable portion (57) has enlarged portion (at tip 88) having a predetermined width (figure 7).

In regarding to claim 3, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the recess (R) has a width that is slightly larger than (it is inherent) the width of the enlarged portion (at tip 88).

In regarding to claim 4, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (88) is provided at a first end of the contact (51), and a contact pad (59) is provided at a second end of the contact (51) (figure 6).

In regarding to claim 5, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the contact pad (59) is flat and flush with the second (or bottom) surface of the housing (figure 5).

In regarding to claim 17, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the each contact includes a deformable portion (57) and a fixed portion (53), the deformable portion (57) being laterally offset from the fixed portion (53) (figure 9).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 6-7 and 9- 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Natori et al (U563156218 1) in view of Huang et al (175668889381).

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In regarding to claim 6, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks a S-shape contact. However, Huang et al teaches the connector wherein the contact (12) is generally S-shaped (figure 2). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to change the shape of the contact of Natori et al to be a S shape as taught by Huang et al for the matter of design, since the shape of the contact of Natori et al has the same function as the shape of the contact of Huang et al.

In regarding to claim 7, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the tip (88) of the deformable portion (57) has an enlarged portion (at tip 88) (figure 7).

In regarding to claim 9, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks a plurality of passageways corresponding to plurality of contacts. However, Huang et al teaches a plurality of passages (101) in the housing (102j and a plurality of contacts (12) are provided, respective ones of the contacts (12) being mounted within respective ones of the passageways (101) (figure 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the connector of Natori et al by providing a plurality of passages corresponding to plurality of contacts as taught by Huang et al to expand the connector.

In regarding to claim 10, Natori et al discloses the invention, but lacks the arrangement of the contacts in the housing. However, Howell et al teaches the passageways (101) and the contacts (12) are provided in the housing (102) in a high-density arrangement (figure 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to modify the connector of Natori et al by providing a plurality of passages corresponding to plurality of contacts as taught by Huang et al a high-density arrangement to prevent the contacts from crossing to each other.

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Claims 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 are rejected for the same reason of claims 8, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, respectively.

6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Natori et al (US6315621B1).

In regarding to claim 8, Natori et al discloses the connector wherein the contact (51) has a thickness (figure 5). Natori et al does not disclose the length of the thickness of the contact. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to provide on the thickness of the contact of Natori et al a length approximately .0003 inches for the purpose of the user needed.

Reponses to Arguments

- Applicant argues that "Natori et al does not disclose, teach or suggest a recess being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the terminal tip" is not deemed persuasive. Because "the lateral force is placed on the contact" having a lateral direction (A) defined by Examiner is the insert direction (attachment 1), (the height of) the recess (R) being sized and configured to limit lateral deflection of the tip (88) (at a stop moving point of the deflection of the tip 88) from the undeformable portion (position I) of the terminal tip (as seen in a thick line) to the deformable portion (position II) of the terminal tip (as seen in a dash-line) by a limit distance (B).
- 8. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning.

 But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include

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knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In this case, the shape of the contact of Natori et al has bee changed to be a S shape as taught by Huang et al for the matter of design, since the shape of the contact of Natori et al has the same function as the shape of the contact of Huang et al.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuongchi Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2012. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula Bradley can be reached on (571) 272-2800 ext 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application information Retrieval IPAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PMR.

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PCN

December 22, 2004

ROSS GUSHI

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